

Non-operative Shoulder Rehabilitation Protocol

Basic shoulder program for:

- **Scapular Dyskinesis (proximally or distally based)**
- **Glenohumeral Instability**
- **Subacromial Impingement Syndrome**
- **Partial thickness and small full thickness rotator cuff tears**
- **Glenohumeral internal rotation deficit (GIRD)**
- **Other Non-operative Disorders**
- **Pre-operative Preparation**

Note: Simultaneous progression through multiple phases may be appropriate; intensity of program and addition or subtraction of specific exercises should be tailored to the individual patient

Note: The following list of exercises and treatment options is an approximate order of progression. By design and necessity, it is incomplete, to allow for individualization of the program to meet the specific needs of an individual patient and to encourage therapist creativity based on the 10 outlined principles. Not all exercises are appropriate for all patients.

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PROXIMAL KINETIC CHAIN PHASE

GOALS

- a. Optimize postural alignment
- b. Correct proximal kinetic chain strength and flexibility deficits
- c. Achieve lumbo-pelvic stability and improve core strength
- d. Improve thoracic spine mobility
- e. Improve upper quarter soft tissue mobility to accomplish a-d

EDUCATION/EXERCISE

- Correct proximal kinetic chain weaknesses in lower extremity as necessary
 - Ankle, Knee, Hip, etc
- Postural correction
- Instruction in neutral spine position for all exercises
- Sternal lift with contracted abdominals
- Foam roll for thoracic mobility
- Soft tissue releases prn
 - Especially pec minor/major, subscapularis, latissimus dorsi
- Core strengthening
 - Planks
 - Pelvic tilt
 - Supine alternate/double leg slides
 - Abdominal crunches
 - Supine supported marching/progression
 - Supine unsupported marching/progression
 - Swiss ball progression-foot slides
- Posterior capsule/cuff stretch
 - Side lying scapula fixed – done at 70°, 90°, 120° elevation
 - Stand against wall 90° FF/elbow @ 90° passive horizontal add
- Latissimus dorsi stretch
- Prayer stretch
- Passive pec minor stretches (foam roll or rolled towel between scapulae)
- Passive pec major stretch (doorway progress to corner – this will also stretch pec minor)
- Full Kinetic Chain Movements-all done with scapular retraction at end
 - Lawnmowers
 - Grid lunges
 - Grid lunges with opposite trunk rotation dips
 - Step ups with opposite/ same side hip flexion
 - Step ups with opposite/ same side hip extension
 - Grid lunges with shoulder flexion
 - Grid lunges with shoulder punch
 - Step ups with shoulder flexion and opposite/same side hip flexion
 - Step ups with shoulder flexion and opposite/same side hip extension
 - Step down lunge punch/forward and to side
 - Step down lunge drop punch/forward and to side

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SCAPULOTHORACIC PHASE

GOALS

- a. Normalize and maintain upper quarter soft tissue mobility
- b. Achieve independent scapular positioning
- c. Strengthen scapular stabilizers
- d. Restore scapulothoracic kinematics up to 90° elevation – progress in next phase

EXERCISE

Note: When possible do exercises in standing position to include proximal kinetic chain

- Scapular squeeze elbows at side – progress to arms at 90° (Robbery I and II)
- Shoulder shrugs with arms at 135° elevation if scapula in depressed position
- Scapular clock
- Scapular clock – closed chain
- Isometric ball/table humeral head depression
- Closed chain inferior humeral head glide (depression) at 90° abduction
- Lower trap isometrics (low rows)
- Isometric ball/wall – emphasize scapular external rotation
- Supine serratus punch at 60°, 90°, 120° (emphasize eccentric function)
- Scapular PNF (if P.T. available)
 - Upper ¼ pivots allows P.T. to identify specific location of weakness
- Wall rocking
- Weight shifting on table progression
 - Single leg balance
 - Double leg balance on bubble
 - Single leg balance on bubble
- Weight shifting - knee to toe progression, then single arm lift
- Single arm pull down progression
 - Single arm pull down - rotation/same side
 - Single arm pull down - hip flexion/same side
 - Single arm pull down - hip flexion/rotation same side
- Single arm pull down progression while on bubble
- Single arm rows progression
 - Single arm rows - rotation/same side
 - Single arm rows - bent knee/same side
 - Single arm rows - bent knee/rotation/same side
- Single arm rows progression while on bubble
- Push up plus progression – emphasize eccentric phase
- Closed chain perturbations
- “Mime wall walks” with theraband
- Prone middle/lower trap lifts (T’s and Y’s i.e. 90° and 135° elevation)
- Wall angels – start with isometrics at 60° and 90° - progress movement
- Reverse corner pushups – arms below 90°
- Scapular depressions on blocks (press up plus)
- Bilateral ER with Theraband – emphasize scapular and head position)
- Swiss ball weight shifting- chest/hips/feet
- Swiss ball walk outs – chest/hips/feet

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- Rowing/bilateral arms
- Pull downs/bilateral arms
- Iron cross with Theraband
- Snatch with Theraband
- Wall wash-standing with squat – (full kinetic chain coordination)
- Pail dumps – (full kinetic chain coordination)

GLENOHUMERAL PHASE

GOALS

- a. Strengthen rotator cuff in context of kinetic chain
- b. Begin to restore normal glenohumeral kinematics
- c. Begin to restore normal upper quarter kinematics

EXERCISE

- Cuff specific exercises (done with scapular retraction and depression, correct axial alignment)
 - Isometrics
 - Theraband IR/ER with good scapular position
 - IR/ER walkouts
 - Sidelying ER
 - Prone ER
 - Flexion, scaption, open can raises
 - PNF with theraband-standing/Swiss ball
 - Open chain perturbations
 - Body blade
- Full kinetic chain coordination
- Wall wash-standing with squat
- Step up wall washes
- Pail dumps
- Swiss ball sitting/tubing in PNF patterns
- Activity specific coordinated movements without resistance
- Progress activity specific full kinetic chain movements from Phase I item #10 to:
 - e.g. throwing technique
 - swimming technique (breast, freestyle, backstroke, butterfly)
 - tennis strokes (forehand backhand overhead serve)
 - diving hurdle

FUNCTION SPECIFIC PHASE (with examples)

GOALS

- a. Restore function specific glenohumeral kinematics
- b. Restore function specific upper quarter kinematics

EXERCISE

- Full range of motion strengthening
- Activity specific strengthening progression with resistance (tubing and weights)
- Open chain perturbations
- Activity specific strength, agility, power, and endurance drills (work with coach &/or trainer)
- Theraband mock throwing
- Ball bounce/wall-single/double arm

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- Sport specific plyoball progression
- Tennis strokes with weights
 - Swiss ball ceiling press (diving)
 - Theraband swimming prone on Swiss ball
- Sport specific medicine ball work for swimmers, throwers, divers
- Handstand sways and pushups for divers
- Sport specific body blade progressions
- 3, Progress activity specific full kinetic chain movements from Phase I item #10 - add weight, repetitions, and plyometrics
 - Grid Lunges with shoulder flexion
 - Grid Lunges with shoulder punch
 - Step ups with shoulder flexion and opposite/same side hip flexion
 - Step ups with shoulder flexion and opposite/same side hip extension
 - Step down Lunge Punch /forward and to side
- Step down Lunge Drop Punch/forward and to side
- Hurdle with jump for diver